Sand Propped Hydraulic Fracture Stimulation at Illawarra Coal Operations

Update - February 2006

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Introduction

Sand propped hydraulic fracturing has been shown to increase gas drainage rates over a full longwall panel by 5-6 times in normal coal and 22-180 times in low permeability coal

First stage is to overcome the borehole completion challenges on South Coast

Second stage is to introduce sand propped hydraulic fracturing to Illawarra Coal underground mining operations







Overview of Presentation

- Project Outline
- Concept of implementation based on experience
- Challenges to be overcome
- Implementation strategy







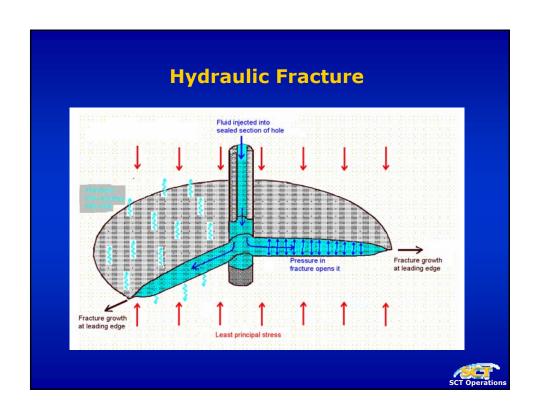
Project Outline

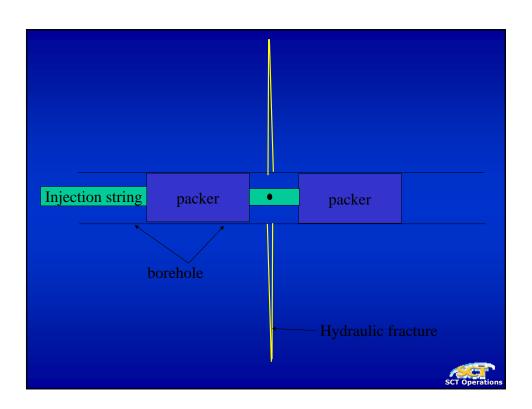
- Completion of overstressed holes
 - Douglas pit bottom high stresses
 - Slotting trials
- Manufacture of production fraccing system
- · Trial in Bulli Seam
- · Production in Bulli Seam
- Cross Measure trial (requires drilling development)
- Production in Cross Measure

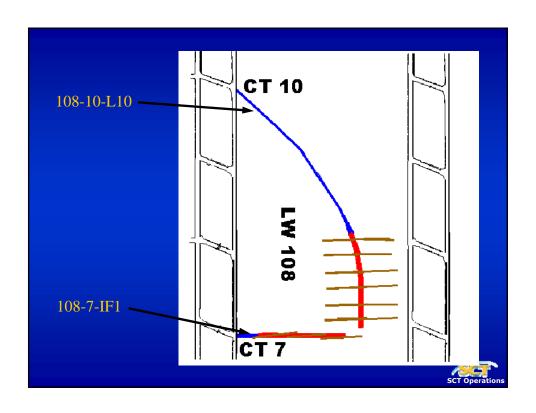












Challenges for Implementation of Sand Propped Hydraulic Fracturing in Southern Coalfield

- Maintaining borehole stability and / or installing casing
- Perforating / notching casing
- Optimising sand placement
- Drilling and casing long holes in Bulli Seam







Project Update

Staged Implementation Strategy

- Confirm borehole integrity
- Confirm borehole completion and slotting
 - Off site work Melbourne
 - Trial at Douglas Pit Bottom
- Trial sand-propped hydraulic fracturing
 - Douglas pit bottom trial of gear
 - Bulli Seam working area 100 to 400m holes
- Optimise equipment
- Routine implementation







Strategies to Overcome Borehole Instability

- Case and cement holes, slot casing, conduct treatments using packer system
- Drill out of seam and frac through roof into coal
- · Drill out of seam with branches into seam
- For cross measure holes case and cement holes and then extend for treatment







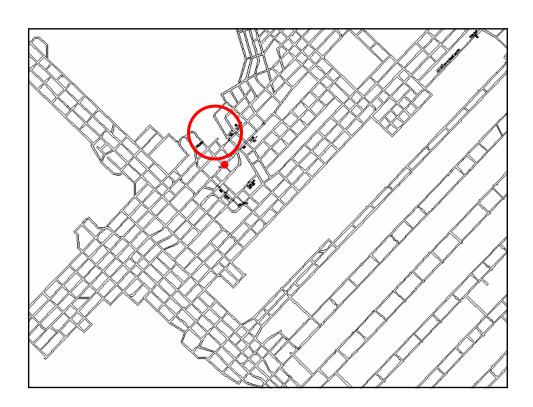
Staged Work Program

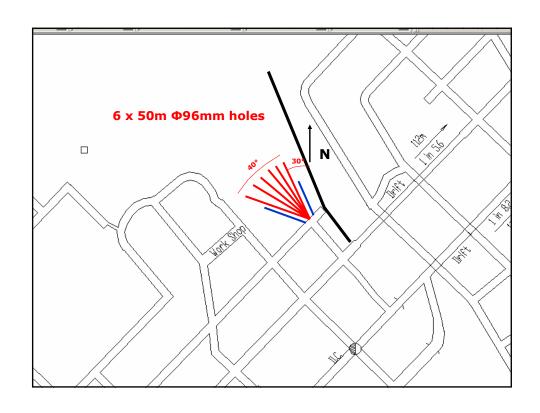
- Evaluate potential completion methodologies in laboratory setting in steel pipes (off site in Melbourne) – well advanced
- 2. Trial and evaluate completion methodologies at a field site where borehole breakout is expected
 - Measure development of breakout
 - Trial different casing systems
 - Test slotting system
 - Test packer setting and fraccing system
- 3. Trial and evaluate completion methodologies at production site in 100m and 400m holes where normal gas production is expected
- 4. Design and construct purpose built system that BHPB IC personnel can use
- 5. Provide training, design and ongoing support

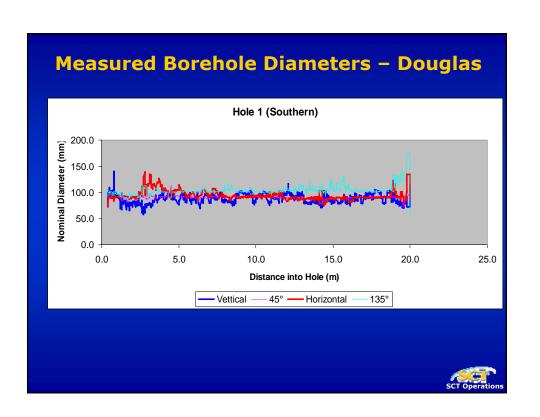


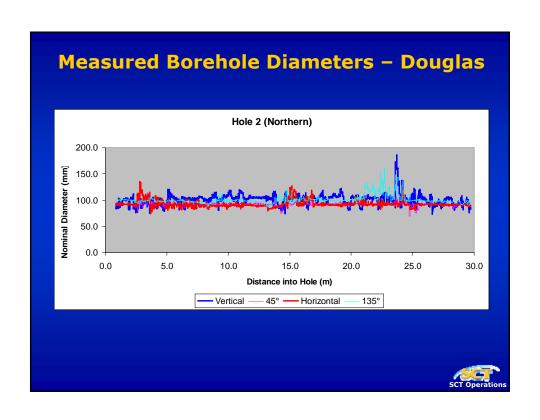


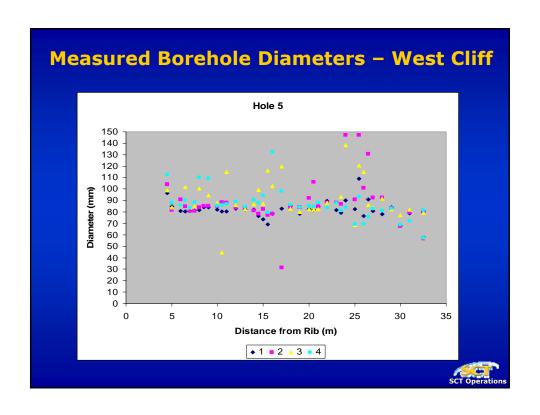












Conclusion

Holes are not suitable for packers without some form of completion



Workshop Trials of Casing

Steel Tube

Casing Options

Steel Fibreglass PVC

Slotting Trials

Equipment Prep





